



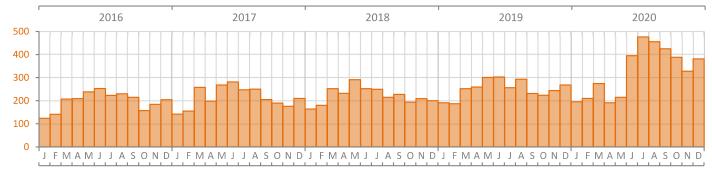
Summary Statistics	December 2020	December 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	381	268	42.2%
Paid in Cash	92	65	41.5%
Median Sale Price	\$645,000	\$483,750	33.3%
Average Sale Price	\$1,062,801	\$772,330	37.6%
Dollar Volume	\$404.9 Million	\$207.0 Million	95.6%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	99.2%	97.4%	1.8%
Median Time to Contract	22 Days	47 Days	-53.2%
Median Time to Sale	85 Days	122 Days	-30.3%
New Pending Sales	343	183	87.4%
New Listings	290	164	76.8%
Pending Inventory	834	452	84.5%
Inventory (Active Listings)	608	1,239	-50.9%
Months Supply of Inventory	1.9	4.9	-61.2%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Closed Sales	Year-over-Year
3,933	30.7%
381	42.2%
328	34.4%
388	73.2%
425	84.0%
455	55.3%
476	85.9%
395	30.4%
215	-28.6%
191	-26.3%
274	8.7%
210	12.3%
195	2.1%
268	34.0%
	3,933 381 328 388 425 455 476 395 215 191 274 210 195



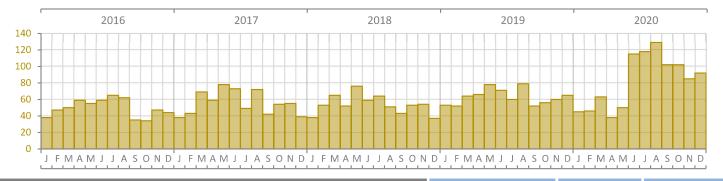


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	985	30.3%
December 2020	92	41.5%
November 2020	85	41.7%
October 2020	102	82.1%
September 2020	102	96.2%
August 2020	129	63.3%
July 2020	118	96.7%
June 2020	115	62.0%
May 2020	50	-35.9%
April 2020	38	-42.4%
March 2020	63	-1.6%
February 2020	46	-11.5%
January 2020	45	-15.1%
December 2019	65	75.7%



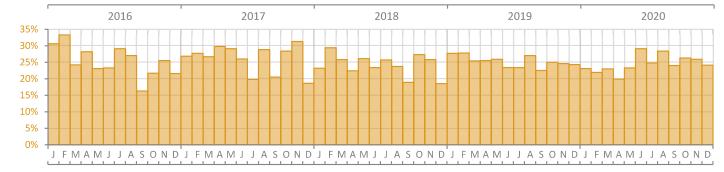
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed	Percent Change
	Sales Paid in Cash	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	25.0%	-0.4%
December 2020	24.1%	-0.8%
November 2020	25.9%	5.3%
October 2020	26.3%	5.2%
September 2020	24.0%	6.7%
August 2020	28.4%	5.2%
July 2020	24.8%	6.0%
June 2020	29.1%	24.4%
May 2020	23.3%	-10.0%
April 2020	19.9%	-22.0%
March 2020	23.0%	-9.4%
February 2020	21.9%	-21.2%
January 2020	23.1%	-16.6%
December 2019	24.3%	31.4%





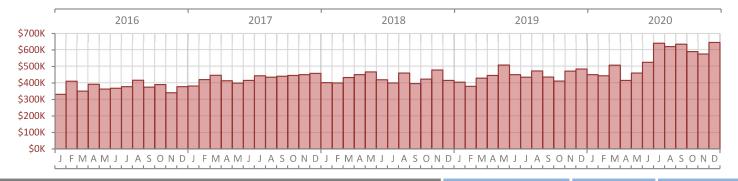


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$560,000	24.7%
December 2020	\$645,000	33.3%
November 2020	\$575,000	22.1%
October 2020	\$590,200	43.6%
September 2020	\$635,000	45.9%
August 2020	\$620,000	31.2%
July 2020	\$639,900	47.1%
June 2020	\$525,000	16.7%
May 2020	\$460,000	-9.6%
April 2020	\$415,000	-6.7%
March 2020	\$507,500	18.5%
February 2020	\$443,275	17.0%
January 2020	\$450,000	11.4%
December 2019	\$483,750	16.4%

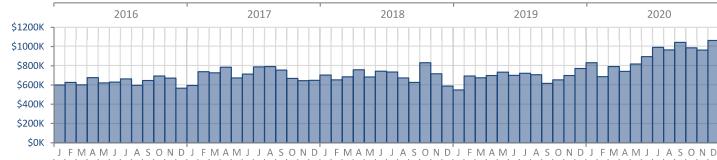


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$928,479	34.6%
December 2020	\$1,062,801	37.6%
November 2020	\$963,431	37.9%
October 2020	\$986,599	50.9%
September 2020	\$1,043,181	69.3%
August 2020	\$964,275	36.4%
July 2020	\$991,242	37.5%
June 2020	\$895,218	27.8%
May 2020	\$817,577	11.6%
April 2020	\$741,192	6.1%
March 2020	\$790,986	17.1%
February 2020	\$687,110	-1.0%
January 2020	\$831,105	51.7%
December 2019	\$772,330	31.2%



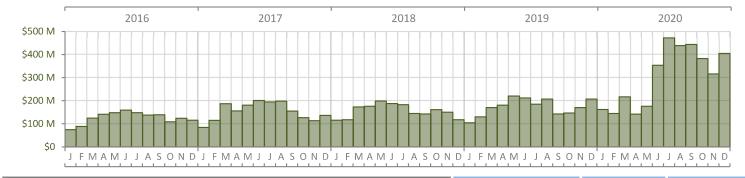


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$3.7 Billion	75.9%
December 2020	\$404.9 Million	95.6%
November 2020	\$316.0 Million	85.4%
October 2020	\$382.8 Million	161.3%
September 2020	\$443.4 Million	211.5%
August 2020	\$438.7 Million	111.9%
July 2020	\$471.8 Million	155.7%
June 2020	\$353.6 Million	66.6%
May 2020	\$175.8 Million	-20.3%
April 2020	\$141.6 Million	-21.8%
March 2020	\$216.7 Million	27.3%
February 2020	\$144.3 Million	11.2%
January 2020	\$162.1 Million	54.8%
December 2019	\$207.0 Million	75.8%



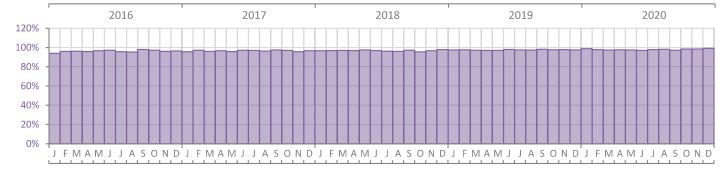
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	LIST FILCE RECEIVED	rear-over-rear
Year-to-Date	98.0%	0.5%
December 2020	99.2%	1.8%
November 2020	98.5%	0.7%
October 2020	98.4%	0.7%
September 2020	97.1%	-1.0%
August 2020	98.2%	0.9%
July 2020	97.8%	0.4%
June 2020	96.9%	-1.0%
May 2020	97.5%	0.6%
April 2020	97.7%	0.7%
March 2020	97.3%	0.2%
February 2020	97.8%	0.2%
January 2020	98.8%	1.4%
December 2019	97.4%	-0.4%







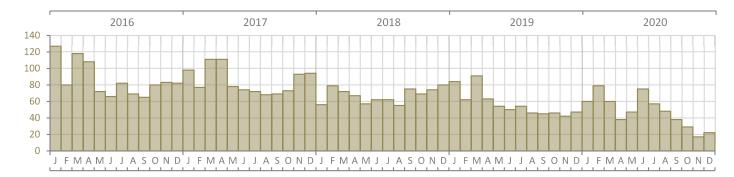
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to	Percent Change
	Contract	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	43 Days	-21.8%
December 2020	22 Days	-53.2%
November 2020	17 Days	-59.5%
October 2020	29 Days	-37.0%
September 2020	38 Days	-15.6%
August 2020	48 Days	4.3%
July 2020	57 Days	5.6%
June 2020	75 Days	50.0%
May 2020	47 Days	-13.0%
April 2020	38 Days	-39.7%
March 2020	60 Days	-34.1%
February 2020	79 Days	27.4%
January 2020	60 Days	-28.6%
December 2019	47 Days	-41.3%





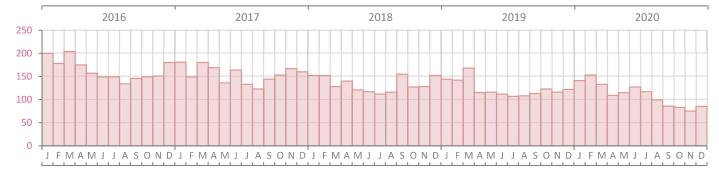
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	105 Days	-11.8%
December 2020	85 Days	-30.3%
November 2020	75 Days	-35.3%
October 2020	83 Days	-32.5%
September 2020	86 Days	-23.9%
August 2020	99 Days	-8.3%
July 2020	117 Days	9.3%
June 2020	127 Days	13.4%
May 2020	115 Days	-0.9%
April 2020	109 Days	-5.2%
March 2020	133 Days	-20.8%
February 2020	153 Days	7.7%
January 2020	141 Days	-2.1%
December 2019	122 Days	-19.7%





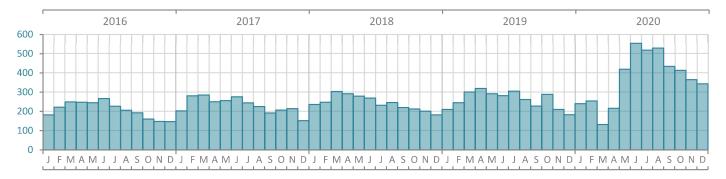


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	4,417	41.3%
December 2020	343	87.4%
November 2020	365	73.8%
October 2020	413	43.4%
September 2020	434	90.4%
August 2020	529	101.9%
July 2020	518	69.8%
June 2020	554	96.5%
May 2020	419	43.5%
April 2020	216	-32.3%
March 2020	132	-56.1%
February 2020	254	3.7%
January 2020	240	14.3%
December 2019	183	0.5%

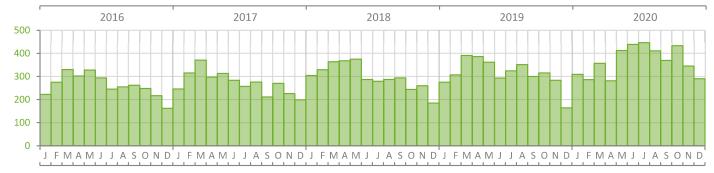


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	4,378	16.7%
December 2020	290	76.8%
November 2020	345	21.9%
October 2020	433	37.5%
September 2020	369	23.0%
August 2020	411	17.1%
July 2020	446	37.7%
June 2020	439	49.8%
May 2020	412	13.8%
April 2020	281	-27.2%
March 2020	357	-8.7%
February 2020	286	-6.8%
January 2020	309	12.4%
December 2019	164	-11.4%



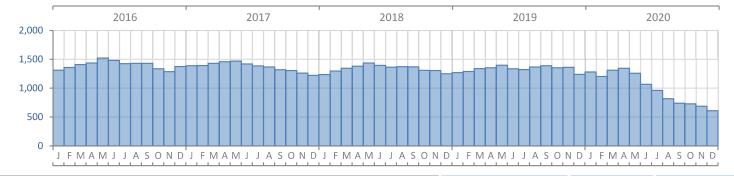


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1,001	-25.0%
December 2020	608	-50.9%
November 2020	688	-49.5%
October 2020	729	-46.1%
September 2020	738	-46.9%
August 2020	816	-40.3%
July 2020	961	-27.4%
June 2020	1,066	-20.1%
May 2020	1,259	-9.9%
April 2020	1,345	-0.6%
March 2020	1,312	-2.0%
February 2020	1,204	-6.7%
January 2020	1,280	0.9%
December 2019	1,239	-0.9%



Months Supply of Inventory

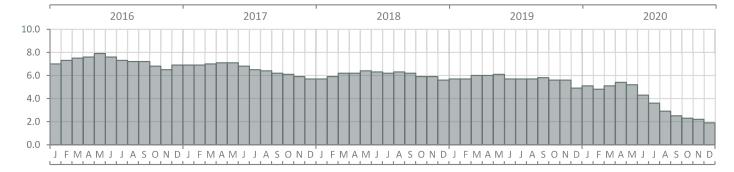
An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	4.0	-29.8%
December 2020	1.9	-61.2%
November 2020	2.2	-60.7%
October 2020	2.3	-58.9%
September 2020	2.5	-56.9%
August 2020	2.9	-49.1%
July 2020	3.6	-36.8%
June 2020	4.3	-24.6%
May 2020	5.2	-14.8%
April 2020	5.4	-10.0%
March 2020	5.1	-15.0%
February 2020	4.8	-15.8%
January 2020	5.1	-10.5%
December 2019	4.9	-12.5%



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Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - December 2020 Single Family Homes Walton County

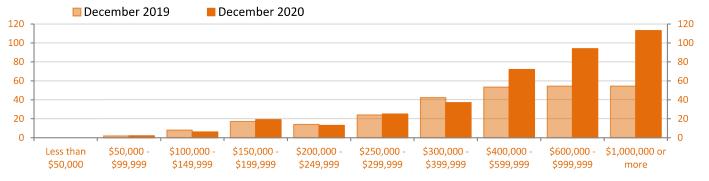


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	2	0.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	6	-25.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	19	11.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	13	-7.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	25	4.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	37	-11.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	72	35.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	94	74.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	113	109.3%



Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales,

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	3 Days	-95.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	12 Days	300.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	45 Days	25.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	37 Days	428.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	2 Days	-95.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	20 Days	-56.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	25 Days	19.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	19 Days	-77.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	29 Days	-68.8%



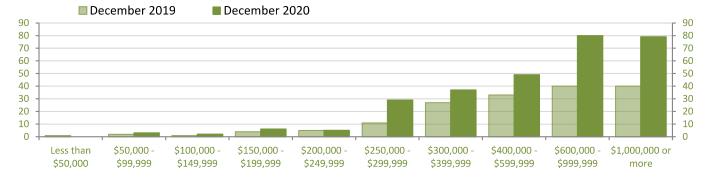


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	3	50.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	100.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	6	50.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	5	0.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	29	163.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	37	37.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	49	48.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	80	100.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	79	97.5%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

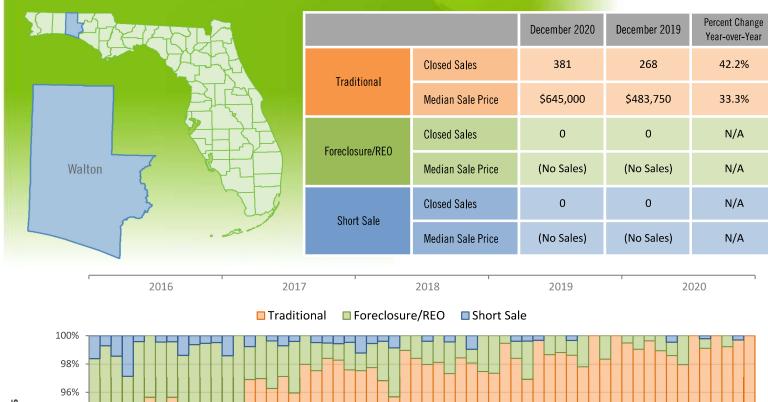
Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

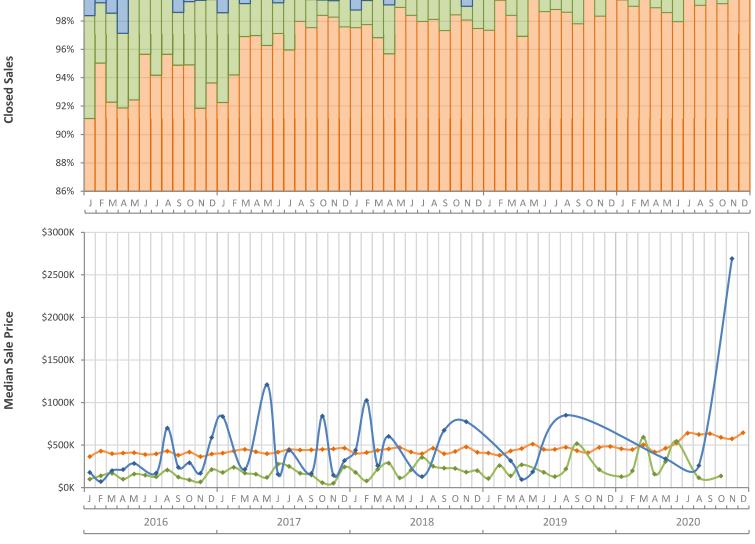
Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	8	-38.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	13	0.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	23	-39.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	13	-51.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	47	2.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	76	-42.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	58	-70.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	113	-63.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	255	-45.2%



Monthly Distressed Market - December 2020 Single Family Homes Walton County











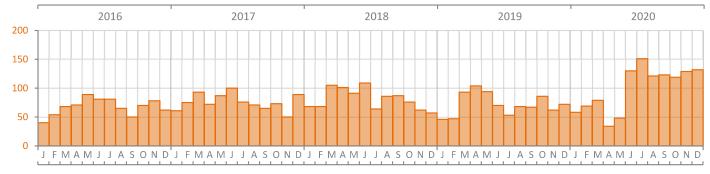
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	Summary Statistics	December 2020	December 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Closed Sales	132	72	83.3%
	Paid in Cash	52	31	67.7%
	Median Sale Price	\$419,000	\$392,500	6.8%
	Average Sale Price	\$559,237	\$547,325	2.2%
	Dollar Volume	\$73.8 Million	\$39.4 Million	87.3%
	Median Percent of Original List Price Received	96.7%	95.6%	1.2%
)	Median Time to Contract	55 Days	92 Days	-40.2%
	Median Time to Sale	97 Days	143 Days	-32.2%
	New Pending Sales	113	54	109.3%
	New Listings	64	67	-4.5%
	Pending Inventory	156	69	126.1%
	Inventory (Active Listings)	229	464	-50.6%
	Months Supply of Inventory	2.3	6.5	-64.6%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,193	38.4%
December 2020	132	83.3%
November 2020	129	108.1%
October 2020	119	38.4%
September 2020	123	83.6%
August 2020	121	77.9%
July 2020	151	184.9%
June 2020	130	85.7%
May 2020	48	-48.9%
April 2020	34	-67.3%
March 2020	79	-15.1%
February 2020	69	46.8%
January 2020	58	26.1%
December 2019	72	26.3%



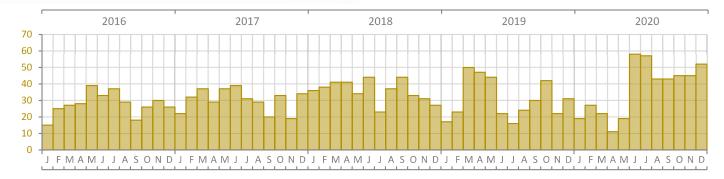


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	441	19.8%
December 2020	52	67.7%
November 2020	45	104.5%
October 2020	45	7.1%
September 2020	43	43.3%
August 2020	43	79.2%
July 2020	57	256.3%
June 2020	58	163.6%
May 2020	19	-56.8%
April 2020	11	-76.6%
March 2020	22	-56.0%
February 2020	27	17.4%
January 2020	19	11.8%
December 2019	31	14.8%



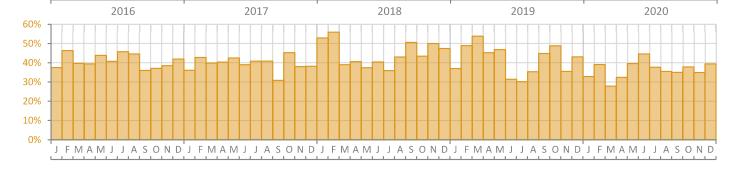
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed	Percent Change
William	Sales Paid in Cash	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	37.0%	-13.3%
December 2020	39.4%	-8.6%
November 2020	34.9%	-1.7%
October 2020	37.8%	-22.5%
September 2020	35.0%	-21.9%
August 2020	35.5%	0.6%
July 2020	37.7%	24.8%
June 2020	44.6%	42.0%
May 2020	39.6%	-15.4%
April 2020	32.4%	-28.3%
March 2020	27.8%	-48.3%
February 2020	39.1%	-20.0%
January 2020	32.8%	-11.4%
December 2019	43.1%	-9.1%





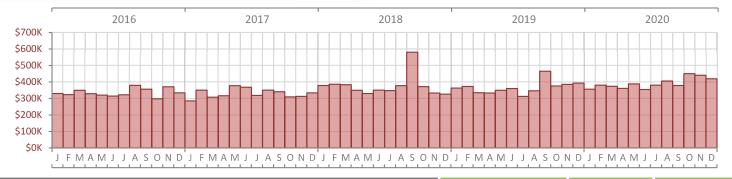


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$390,000	8.6%
December 2020	\$419,000	6.8%
November 2020	\$440,000	14.3%
October 2020	\$450,000	20.0%
September 2020	\$378,000	-18.7%
August 2020	\$405,000	17.2%
July 2020	\$380,000	21.8%
June 2020	\$353,500	-1.8%
May 2020	\$387,500	11.0%
April 2020	\$360,750	8.5%
March 2020	\$373,000	11.3%
February 2020	\$380,000	2.2%
January 2020	\$356,250	-1.9%
December 2019	\$392,500	20.6%

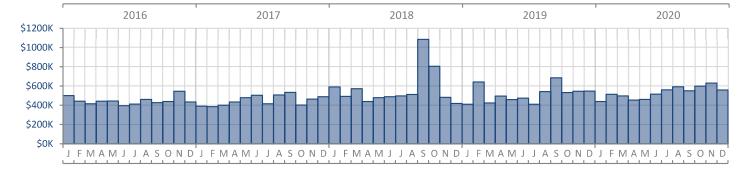


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$549,197	7.7%
December 2020	\$559,237	2.2%
November 2020	\$630,551	15.5%
October 2020	\$599,263	12.7%
September 2020	\$550,457	-19.7%
August 2020	\$592,328	9.5%
July 2020	\$560,406	36.6%
June 2020	\$515,147	8.8%
May 2020	\$460,580	0.4%
April 2020	\$453,356	-8.5%
March 2020	\$497,146	17.5%
February 2020	\$514,112	-19.8%
January 2020	\$439,318	7.0%
December 2019	\$547,325	30.6%



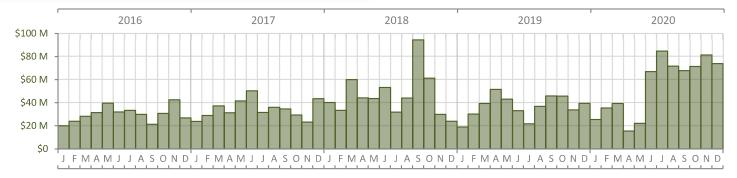


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$655.2 Million	49.0%
December 2020	\$73.8 Million	87.3%
November 2020	\$81.3 Million	140.3%
October 2020	\$71.3 Million	56.0%
September 2020	\$67.7 Million	47.5%
August 2020	\$71.7 Million	94.8%
July 2020	\$84.6 Million	289.2%
June 2020	\$67.0 Million	102.0%
May 2020	\$22.1 Million	-48.7%
April 2020	\$15.4 Million	-70.1%
March 2020	\$39.3 Million	-0.2%
February 2020	\$35.5 Million	17.7%
January 2020	\$25.5 Million	34.9%
December 2019	\$39.4 Million	65.0%



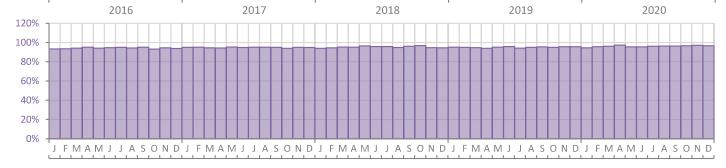
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	96.2%	1.3%
December 2020	96.7%	1.2%
November 2020	97.1%	1.6%
October 2020	96.6%	1.8%
September 2020	96.3%	0.8%
August 2020	96.3%	1.5%
July 2020	96.1%	2.0%
June 2020	95.5%	-0.3%
May 2020	95.5%	0.4%
April 2020	97.3%	3.5%
March 2020	96.1%	1.5%
February 2020	95.7%	0.7%
January 2020	94.5%	-0.7%
December 2019	95.6%	1.2%







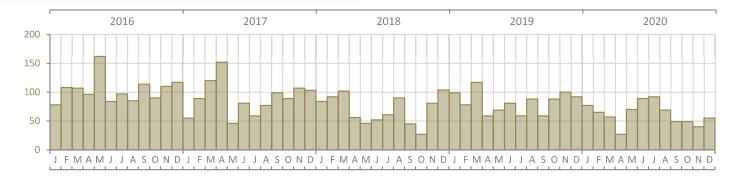
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	60 Days	-23.1%
December 2020	55 Days	-40.2%
November 2020	40 Days	-60.0%
October 2020	49 Days	-44.3%
September 2020	49 Days	-16.9%
August 2020	69 Days	-21.6%
July 2020	92 Days	55.9%
June 2020	89 Days	9.9%
May 2020	70 Days	1.4%
April 2020	27 Days	-54.2%
March 2020	57 Days	-51.3%
February 2020	65 Days	-16.7%
January 2020	77 Days	-22.2%
December 2019	92 Days	-11.5%





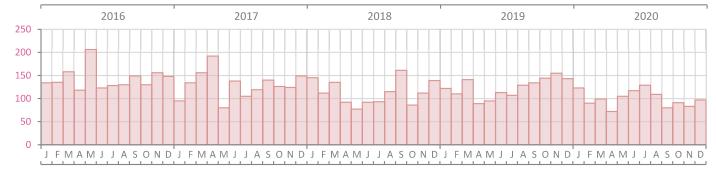
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	99 Days	-16.8%
December 2020	97 Days	-32.2%
November 2020	83 Days	-46.5%
October 2020	91 Days	-36.8%
September 2020	80 Days	-40.3%
August 2020	109 Days	-15.5%
July 2020	129 Days	20.6%
June 2020	117 Days	3.5%
May 2020	105 Days	10.5%
April 2020	72 Days	-19.1%
March 2020	99 Days	-29.8%
February 2020	90 Days	-18.2%
January 2020	123 Days	0.8%
December 2019	143 Days	2.9%





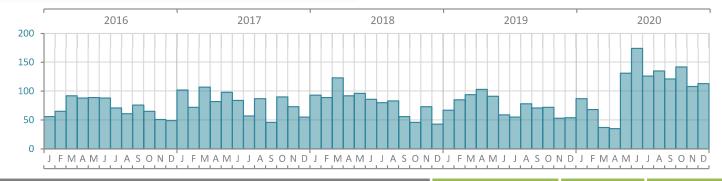


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,277	44.8%
December 2020	113	109.3%
November 2020	108	103.8%
October 2020	142	97.2%
September 2020	121	70.4%
August 2020	135	73.1%
July 2020	126	129.1%
June 2020	174	194.9%
May 2020	131	44.0%
April 2020	35	-66.0%
March 2020	37	-60.6%
February 2020	68	-20.0%
January 2020	87	29.9%
December 2019	54	25.6%

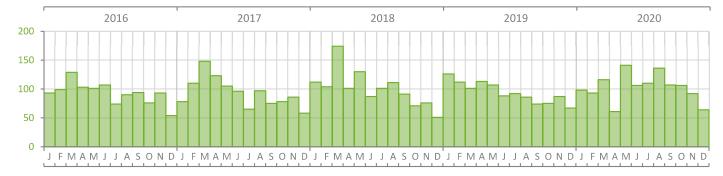


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,230	9.0%
December 2020	64	-4.5%
November 2020	92	5.7%
October 2020	106	41.3%
September 2020	107	44.6%
August 2020	136	58.1%
July 2020	110	19.6%
June 2020	106	20.5%
May 2020	141	31.8%
April 2020	61	-46.0%
March 2020	116	14.9%
February 2020	93	-17.0%
January 2020	98	-22.2%
December 2019	67	31.4%





Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	403	-21.0%
December 2020	229	-50.6%
November 2020	286	-41.8%
October 2020	311	-35.3%
September 2020	359	-28.1%
August 2020	381	-26.0%
July 2020	395	-27.0%
June 2020	419	-20.2%
May 2020	514	1.8%
April 2020	521	1.0%
March 2020	514	0.4%
February 2020	442	-17.2%
January 2020	462	-13.2%
December 2019	464	-5.7%



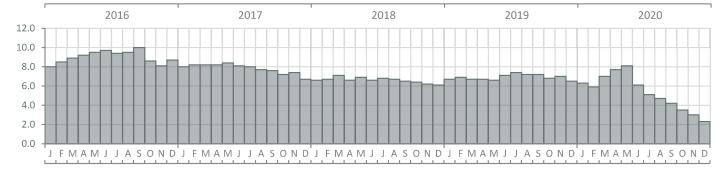
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	5.0	-27.5%
December 2020	2.3	-64.6%
November 2020	3.0	-57.1%
October 2020	3.5	-48.5%
September 2020	4.2	-41.7%
August 2020	4.7	-34.7%
July 2020	5.1	-31.1%
June 2020	6.1	-14.1%
May 2020	8.1	22.7%
April 2020	7.7	14.9%
March 2020	7.0	4.5%
February 2020	5.9	-14.5%
January 2020	6.3	-6.0%
December 2019	6.5	6.6%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - December 2020 Townhouses and Condos Walton County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	6	50.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	4	-20.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	8	100.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	12	100.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	28	64.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	41	173.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	19	46.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	14	75.0%



Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales,

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	145 Days	271.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	55 Days	-72.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	102 Days	251.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	19 Days	-83.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	100 Days	23.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	68 Days	33.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	33 Days	-68.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	14 Days	-91.6%





Percent Chang

New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	-100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	3	50.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	2	0.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	3	-40.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	7	16.7%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	12	-20.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	17	21.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	10	-9.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	10	-9.1%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Inventory	Year-over-Year
0	N/A
0	N/A
24	26.3%
6	-66.7%
18	-43.8%
9	-73.5%
35	-64.3%
50	-41.9%
43	-50.6%
44	-51.1%
	0 0 24 6 18 9 35 50 43



Monthly Distressed Market - December 2020 Townhouses and Condos Walton County



