



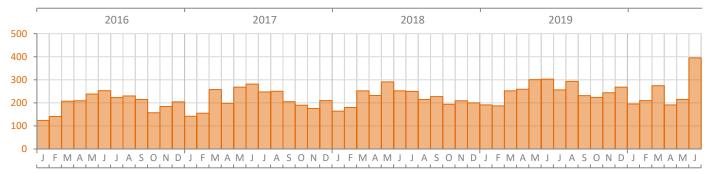
Summary Statistics	June 2020	June 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	395	303	30.4%
Paid in Cash	115	71	62.0%
Median Sale Price	\$525,000	\$449,900	16.7%
Average Sale Price	\$895,218	\$700,456	27.8%
Dollar Volume	\$353.6 Million	\$212.2 Million	66.6%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	96.9%	97.9%	-1.0%
Median Time to Contract	75 Days	50 Days	50.0%
Median Time to Sale	127 Days	112 Days	13.4%
New Pending Sales	554	282	96.5%
New Listings	439	293	49.8%
Pending Inventory	799	530	50.8%
Inventory (Active Listings)	1,067	1,335	-20.1%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.3	5.7	-24.6%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,480	-0.9%
June 2020	395	30.4%
May 2020	215	-28.6%
April 2020	191	-26.3%
March 2020	274	8.7%
February 2020	210	12.3%
January 2020	195	2.1%
December 2019	268	34.0%
November 2019	244	16.7%
October 2019	224	15.5%
September 2019	231	1.8%
August 2019	293	36.3%
July 2019	256	2.8%
June 2019	303	20.2%



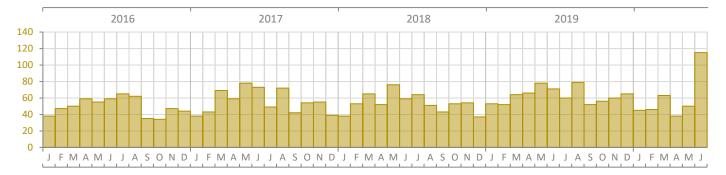


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	357	-7.0%
June 2020	115	62.0%
May 2020	50	-35.9%
April 2020	38	-42.4%
March 2020	63	-1.6%
February 2020	46	-11.5%
January 2020	45	-15.1%
December 2019	65	75.7%
November 2019	60	11.1%
October 2019	56	5.7%
September 2019	52	20.9%
August 2019	79	54.9%
July 2019	60	-6.3%
June 2019	71	20.3%



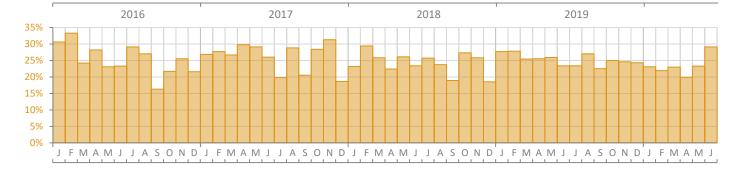
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

cent of Closed s Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
24.1%	-6.2%
29.1%	24.4%
23.3%	-10.0%
19.9%	-22.0%
23.0%	-9.4%
21.9%	-21.2%
23.1%	-16.6%
24.3%	31.4%
24.6%	-4.7%
25.0%	-8.4%
22.5%	19.0%
27.0%	13.9%
23.4%	-8.9%
23.4%	0.0%
	24.1% 29.1% 23.3% 19.9% 23.0% 21.9% 23.1% 24.3% 24.6% 25.0% 27.0% 23.4%







Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$475,500	8.1%
June 2020	\$525,000	16.7%
May 2020	\$460,000	-9.6%
April 2020	\$415,000	-6.7%
March 2020	\$507,500	18.5%
February 2020	\$443,275	17.0%
January 2020	\$450,000	11.4%
December 2019	\$483,750	16.4%
November 2019	\$471,000	-1.5%
October 2019	\$410,895	-2.9%
September 2019	\$435,230	10.1%
August 2019	\$472,500	2.7%
July 2019	\$434,868	8.7%
June 2019	\$449,900	7.4%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$806,788	18.3%
June 2020	\$895,218	27.8%
May 2020	\$817,577	11.6%
April 2020	\$741,192	6.1%
March 2020	\$790,986	17.1%
February 2020	\$687,110	-1.0%
January 2020	\$831,105	51.7%
December 2019	\$772,330	31.2%
November 2019	\$698,681	-2.6%
October 2019	\$654,009	-21.3%
September 2019	\$616,199	-1.7%
August 2019	\$706,724	4.9%
July 2019	\$720,845	-1.9%
June 2019	\$700,456	-5.8%





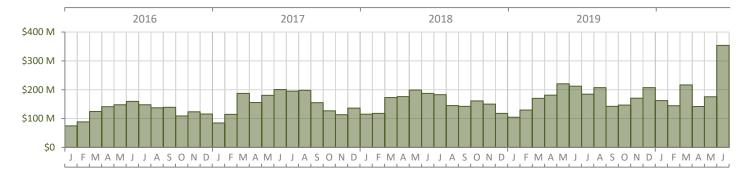


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
\$1.2 Billion	17.3%
\$353.6 Million	66.6%
\$175.8 Million	-20.3%
\$141.6 Million	-21.8%
\$216.7 Million	27.3%
\$144.3 Million	11.2%
\$162.1 Million	54.8%
\$207.0 Million	75.8%
\$170.5 Million	13.7%
\$146.5 Million	-9.1%
\$142.3 Million	0.0%
\$207.1 Million	43.0%
\$184.5 Million	0.8%
\$212.2 Million	13.3%
	\$1.2 Billion \$353.6 Million \$175.8 Million \$141.6 Million \$216.7 Million \$144.3 Million \$162.1 Million \$207.0 Million \$170.5 Million \$146.5 Million \$142.3 Million \$142.3 Million \$184.5 Million



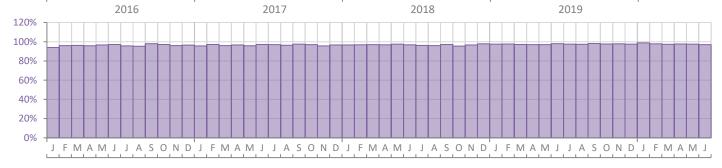
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	97.4%	0.1%
June 2020	96.9%	-1.0%
May 2020	97.5%	0.6%
April 2020	97.7%	0.7%
March 2020	97.3%	0.2%
February 2020	97.8%	0.2%
January 2020	98.8%	1.4%
December 2019	97.4%	-0.4%
November 2019	97.8%	1.1%
October 2019	97.7%	2.4%
September 2019	98.1%	0.9%
August 2019	97.3%	1.4%
July 2019	97.4%	1.4%
June 2019	97.9%	1.1%







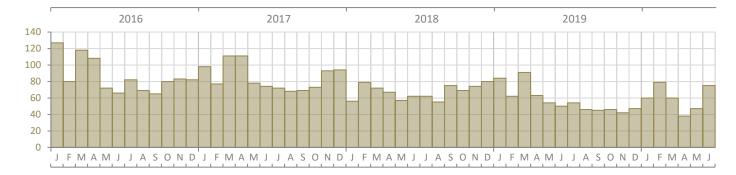
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	62 Days	-1.6%
June 2020	75 Days	50.0%
May 2020	47 Days	-13.0%
April 2020	38 Days	-39.7%
March 2020	60 Days	-34.1%
February 2020	79 Days	27.4%
January 2020	60 Days	-28.6%
December 2019	47 Days	-41.3%
November 2019	42 Days	-43.2%
October 2019	46 Days	-33.3%
September 2019	45 Days	-40.0%
August 2019	46 Days	-16.4%
July 2019	54 Days	-12.9%
June 2019	50 Days	-19.4%





Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.





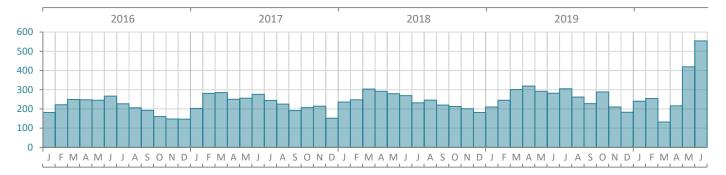


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,815	10.1%
June 2020	554	96.5%
May 2020	419	43.5%
April 2020	216	-32.3%
March 2020	132	-56.1%
February 2020	254	3.7%
January 2020	240	14.3%
December 2019	183	0.5%
November 2019	210	4.5%
October 2019	288	35.2%
September 2019	228	3.6%
August 2019	262	6.5%
July 2019	305	31.5%
June 2019	282	4.8%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	2,084	3.5%
June 2020	439	49.8%
May 2020	412	13.8%
April 2020	281	-27.2%
March 2020	357	-8.7%
February 2020	286	-6.8%
January 2020	309	12.4%
December 2019	164	-11.4%
November 2019	283	8.8%
October 2019	315	29.1%
September 2019	300	2.0%
August 2019	351	22.3%
July 2019	324	16.1%
June 2019	293	2.1%





Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1,245	-6.4%
June 2020	1,067	-20.1%
May 2020	1,259	-9.9%
April 2020	1,345	-0.6%
March 2020	1,312	-2.0%
February 2020	1,204	-6.7%
January 2020	1,280	0.9%
December 2019	1,239	-0.9%
November 2019	1,362	4.4%
October 2019	1,353	3.5%
September 2019	1,389	1.5%
August 2019	1,366	-0.5%
July 2019	1,323	-3.0%
June 2019	1,335	-4.3%



Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	5.0	-15.3%
June 2020	4.3	-24.6%
May 2020	5.2	-14.8%
April 2020	5.4	-10.0%
March 2020	5.1	-15.0%
February 2020	4.8	-15.8%
January 2020	5.1	-10.5%
December 2019	4.9	-12.5%
November 2019	5.6	-5.1%
October 2019	5.6	-5.1%
September 2019	5.8	-6.5%
August 2019	5.7	-9.5%
July 2019	5.7	-8.1%
June 2019	5.7	-9.5%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - June 2020 Single Family Homes Walton County

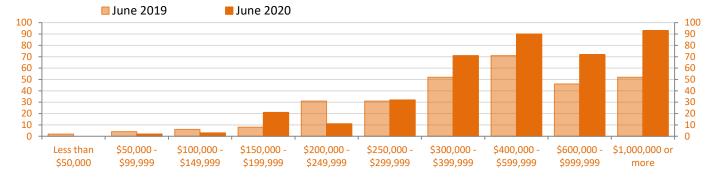


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	2	-50.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	3	-50.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	21	162.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	11	-64.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	32	3.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	71	36.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	90	26.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	72	56.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	93	78.8%

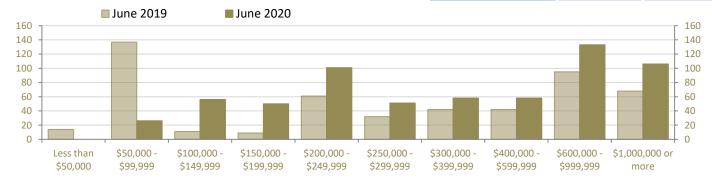


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	26 Days	-81.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	56 Days	409.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	50 Days	455.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	101 Days	65.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	51 Days	59.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	58 Days	38.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	58 Days	38.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	133 Days	40.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	106 Days	55.9%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	4	33.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	3	-50.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	34	277.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	24	-4.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	24	-14.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	55	22.2%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	78	41.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	70	16.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	147	145.0%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-66.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	6	20.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	9	-25.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	55	120.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	24	-46.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	48	-9.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	78	-48.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	186	-15.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	233	-27.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	427	-14.3%

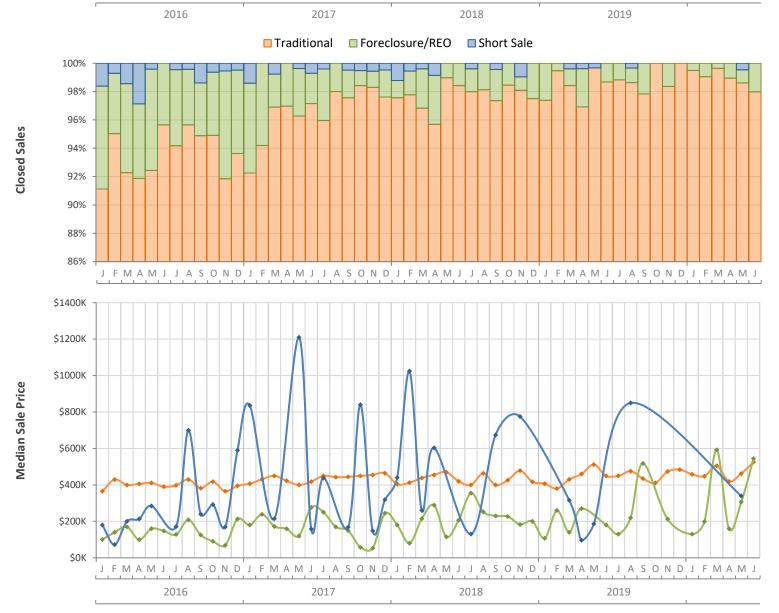


Monthly Distressed Market - June 2020 Single Family Homes Walton County





		June 2020	June 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	387	299	29.4%
Haultional	Median Sale Price	\$525,000	\$450,000	16.7%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	8	4	100.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$544,299	\$180,500	201.6%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	0	0	N/A
SHULL SAIR	Median Sale Price	(No Sales)	(No Sales)	N/A







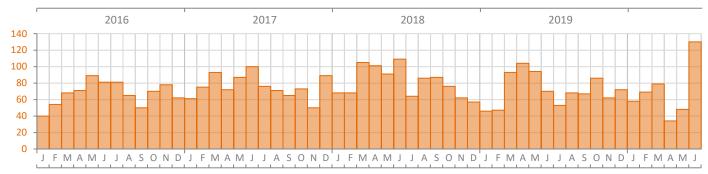
н				
	Summary Statistics	June 2020	June 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Closed Sales	130	70	85.7%
	Paid in Cash	58	22	163.6%
	Median Sale Price	\$353,500	\$360,000	-1.8%
	Average Sale Price	\$515,147	\$473,549	8.8%
	Dollar Volume	\$67.0 Million	\$33.1 Million	102.0%
	Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.5%	95.8%	-0.3%
	Median Time to Contract	89 Days	81 Days	9.9%
	Median Time to Sale	117 Days	113 Days	3.5%
	New Pending Sales	174	59	194.9%
	New Listings	106	88	20.5%
	Pending Inventory	197	90	118.9%
	Inventory (Active Listings)	419	525	-20.2%
	Months Supply of Inventory	6.1	7.1	-14.1%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Year-to-Date 418 -7.9% June 2020 130 85.7% May 2020 48 -48.9% April 2020 34 -67.3% March 2020 79 -15.1% February 2020 69 46.8% January 2020 58 26.1% December 2019 72 26.3% November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9% July 2010 53 -17.3%	Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
May 2020 48 -48.9% April 2020 34 -67.3% March 2020 79 -15.1% February 2020 69 46.8% January 2020 58 26.1% December 2019 72 26.3% November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	Year-to-Date	418	-7.9%
April 2020 34 -67.3% March 2020 79 -15.1% February 2020 69 46.8% January 2020 58 26.1% December 2019 72 26.3% November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	June 2020	130	85.7%
March 2020 79 -15.1% February 2020 69 46.8% January 2020 58 26.1% December 2019 72 26.3% November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	May 2020	48	-48.9%
February 2020 69 46.8% January 2020 58 26.1% December 2019 72 26.3% November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	April 2020	34	-67.3%
January 2020 58 26.1% December 2019 72 26.3% November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	March 2020	79	-15.1%
December 2019 72 26.3% November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	February 2020	69	46.8%
November 2019 62 0.0% October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	January 2020	58	26.1%
October 2019 86 13.2% September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	December 2019	72	26.3%
September 2019 67 -23.0% August 2019 68 -20.9%	November 2019	62	0.0%
August 2019 68 -20.9%	October 2019	86	13.2%
<u> </u>	September 2019	67	-23.0%
July 2010 53 -17.2%	August 2019	68	-20.9%
July 2019 -17.270	July 2019	53	-17.2%
June 2019 70 -35.8%	June 2019	70	-35.8%



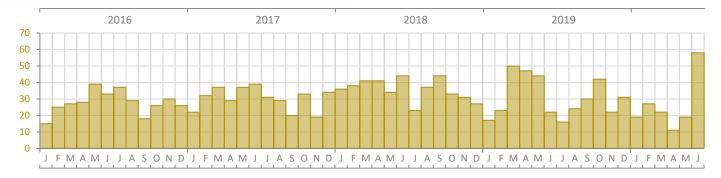


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	156	-23.2%
June 2020	58	163.6%
May 2020	19	-56.8%
April 2020	11	-76.6%
March 2020	22	-56.0%
February 2020	27	17.4%
January 2020	19	11.8%
December 2019	31	14.8%
November 2019	22	-29.0%
October 2019	42	27.3%
September 2019	30	-31.8%
August 2019	24	-35.1%
July 2019	16	-30.4%
June 2019	22	-50.0%



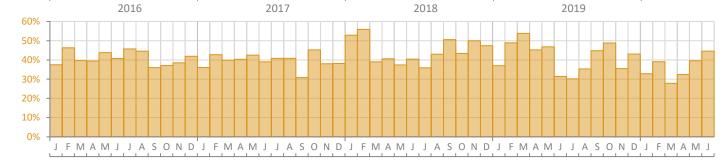
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	37.3%	-16.6%
June 2020	44.6%	42.0%
May 2020	39.6%	-15.4%
April 2020	32.4%	-28.3%
March 2020	27.8%	-48.3%
February 2020	39.1%	-20.0%
January 2020	32.8%	-11.4%
December 2019	43.1%	-9.1%
November 2019	35.5%	-29.0%
October 2019	48.8%	12.4%
September 2019	44.8%	-11.5%
August 2019	35.3%	-17.9%
July 2019	30.2%	-15.9%
June 2019	31.4%	-22.3%







Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$363,000	4.3%
June 2020	\$353,500	-1.8%
May 2020	\$387,500	11.0%
April 2020	\$360,750	8.5%
March 2020	\$373,000	11.3%
February 2020	\$380,000	2.2%
January 2020	\$356,250	-1.9%
December 2019	\$392,500	20.6%
November 2019	\$384,950	15.9%
October 2019	\$375,000	1.1%
September 2019	\$465,000	-19.8%
August 2019	\$345,700	-8.4%
July 2019	\$312,000	-10.1%
June 2019	\$360,000	2.9%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$489,760	2.9%
June 2020	\$515,147	8.8%
May 2020	\$460,580	0.4%
April 2020	\$453,356	-8.5%
March 2020	\$497,146	17.5%
February 2020	\$514,112	-19.8%
January 2020	\$439,318	7.0%
December 2019	\$547,325	30.6%
November 2019	\$545,900	13.4%
October 2019	\$531,703	-34.0%
September 2019	\$685,209	-36.8%
August 2019	\$541,101	5.8%
July 2019	\$410,270	-17.4%
June 2019	\$473,549	-3.0%



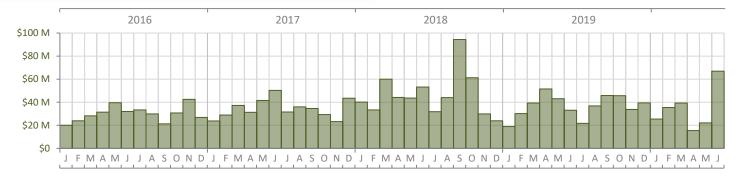


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$204.7 Million	-5.3%
June 2020	\$67.0 Million	102.0%
May 2020	\$22.1 Million	-48.7%
April 2020	\$15.4 Million	-70.1%
March 2020	\$39.3 Million	-0.2%
February 2020	\$35.5 Million	17.7%
January 2020	\$25.5 Million	34.9%
December 2019	\$39.4 Million	65.0%
November 2019	\$33.8 Million	13.4%
October 2019	\$45.7 Million	-25.3%
September 2019	\$45.9 Million	-51.3%
August 2019	\$36.8 Million	-16.4%
July 2019	\$21.7 Million	-31.6%
June 2019	\$33.1 Million	-37.7%



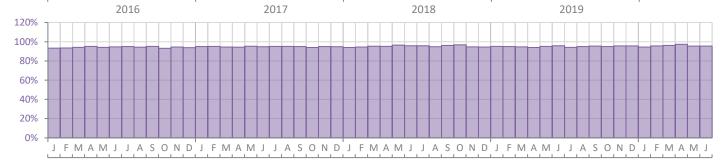
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	95.6%	0.7%
June 2020	95.5%	-0.3%
May 2020	95.5%	0.4%
April 2020	97.3%	3.5%
March 2020	96.1%	1.5%
February 2020	95.7%	0.7%
January 2020	94.5%	-0.7%
December 2019	95.6%	1.2%
November 2019	95.6%	1.1%
October 2019	94.9%	-2.0%
September 2019	95.5%	-0.7%
August 2019	94.9%	0.1%
July 2019	94.2%	-1.7%
June 2019	95.8%	0.0%







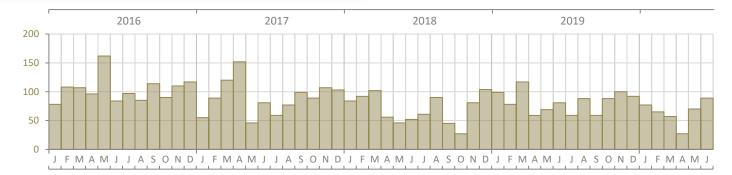
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	74 Days	-3.9%
June 2020	89 Days	9.9%
May 2020	70 Days	1.4%
April 2020	27 Days	-54.2%
March 2020	57 Days	-51.3%
February 2020	65 Days	-16.7%
January 2020	77 Days	-22.2%
December 2019	92 Days	-11.5%
November 2019	100 Days	23.5%
October 2019	88 Days	225.9%
September 2019	59 Days	31.1%
August 2019	88 Days	-2.2%
July 2019	59 Days	-3.3%
June 2019	81 Days	55.8%





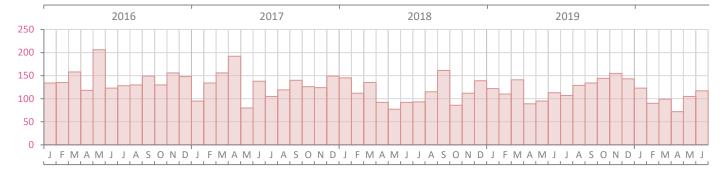
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
104 Days	-1.9%
117 Days	3.5%
105 Days	10.5%
72 Days	-19.1%
99 Days	-29.8%
90 Days	-18.2%
123 Days	0.8%
143 Days	2.9%
155 Days	38.4%
144 Days	67.4%
134 Days	-16.8%
129 Days	12.2%
107 Days	15.1%
113 Days	22.8%
	104 Days 117 Days 105 Days 72 Days 99 Days 90 Days 123 Days 143 Days 155 Days 144 Days 134 Days 134 Days 139 Days





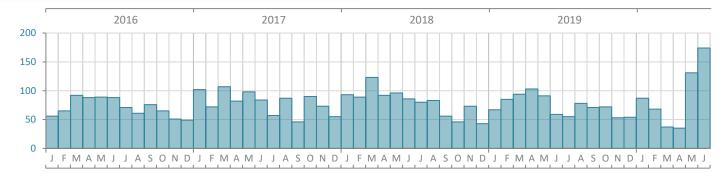


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	532	6.6%
June 2020	174	194.9%
May 2020	131	44.0%
April 2020	35	-66.0%
March 2020	37	-60.6%
February 2020	68	-20.0%
January 2020	87	29.9%
December 2019	54	25.6%
November 2019	53	-27.4%
October 2019	72	56.5%
September 2019	71	26.8%
August 2019	78	-6.0%
July 2019	55	-31.3%
June 2019	59	-31.4%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	615	-4.9%
June 2020	106	20.5%
May 2020	141	31.8%
April 2020	61	-46.0%
March 2020	116	14.9%
February 2020	93	-17.0%
January 2020	98	-22.2%
December 2019	67	31.4%
November 2019	87	14.5%
October 2019	75	5.6%
September 2019	74	-18.7%
August 2019	86	-22.5%
July 2019	92	-8.9%
June 2019	88	1.1%



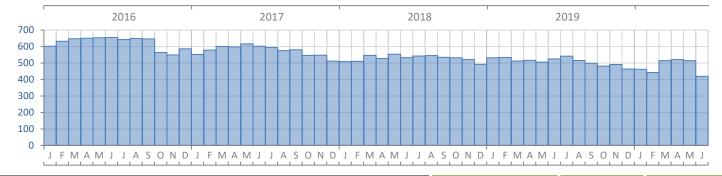


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	479	-8.1%
June 2020	419	-20.2%
May 2020	514	1.8%
April 2020	521	1.0%
March 2020	514	0.4%
February 2020	442	-17.2%
January 2020	462	-13.2%
December 2019	464	-5.7%
November 2019	491	-5.8%
October 2019	481	-9.6%
September 2019	499	-6.7%
August 2019	515	-5.5%
July 2019	541	-0.2%
June 2019	525	-1.5%



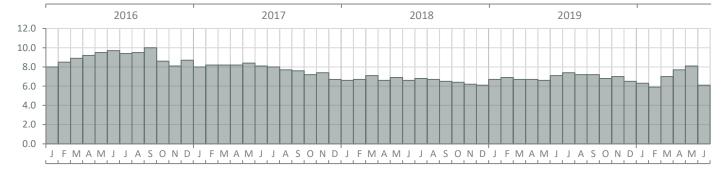
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	7.0	2.9%
June 2020	6.1	-14.1%
May 2020	8.1	22.7%
April 2020	7.7	14.9%
March 2020	7.0	4.5%
February 2020	5.9	-14.5%
January 2020	6.3	-6.0%
December 2019	6.5	6.6%
November 2019	7.0	12.9%
October 2019	6.8	6.2%
September 2019	7.2	10.8%
August 2019	7.2	7.5%
July 2019	7.4	8.8%
June 2019	7.1	7.6%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - June 2020 Townhouses and Condos Walton County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	6	200.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	11	120.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	14	55.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	8	0.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	39	116.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	20	17.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	19	171.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	13	225.0%

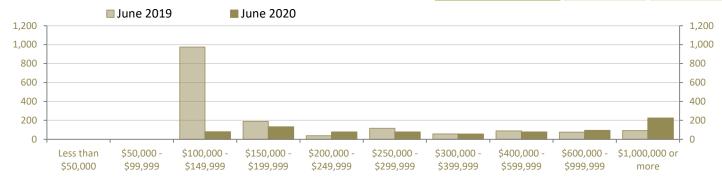


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	79 Days	-91.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	132 Days	-30.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	77 Days	97.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	77 Days	-34.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	56 Days	-3.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	77 Days	-14.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	94 Days	25.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	225 Days	144.6%



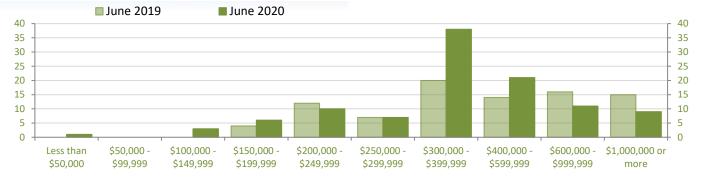


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	3	N/A
\$150,000 - \$199,999	6	50.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	10	-16.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	7	0.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	38	90.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	21	50.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	11	-31.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	9	-40.0%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	20	-4.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	9	-74.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	20	-56.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	33	22.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	92	-7.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	96	-7.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	82	-13.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	66	-32.7%



Monthly Distressed Market - June 2020 Townhouses and Condos Walton County



